



Rat T3
ELISA Kit

#E-335

Catalog Number: E-335

Detection Range: 1 pmol/L -50 pmol/L

Principle:

The kit assay Rat T3 level in the sample, use Purified Rat T3 antibody to coat microtiter plate wells, make solid-phase antibody, then add T3 to wells, Combined T3 antibody which With HRP labeled, become antibody - antigen - enzyme-antibody complex, after washing Completely, Add TMB substrate solution, TMB substrate becomes blue color At HRP enzyme-catalyzed, reaction is terminated by the addition of a sulphuric acid solution and the color change is measured spectrophotometrically at a wavelength of 450 nm. The concentration of Rat T3 in the samples is then determined by comparing the O.D. of the samples to the standard curve.

Materials and components

1	wash solution	20ml×1bottle	7	Stop Solution	6ml×1 bottle
2	HRP-Conjugate reagent	6ml×1 bottle	8	Standard (80pmol/L)	0.5ml×1 bottle
3	Microelisa stripplate	12well×8strips	9	Standard diluent	1.5ml×1bottle
4	Sample diluent	6ml×1 bottle	10	Instruction	1
5	Chromogen Solution A	6ml×1 bottle	11	Closure plate membrane	2
6	Chromogen Solution B	6ml×1 bottle	12	Sealed bags	1

Storage/Stability:

Store at 4°C/6Months

Note for Sample:

1. Samples to be used within 5 days may be stored at 2-8°C , otherwise samples must stored at -20°C (1 month) or -80°C (2 months) to avoid loss of bioactivity and contamination.
2. Tissue or cell extraction samples prepared by chemical lysis buffer may cause unexpected ELISA results due to the impacts of certain chemicals.

3.Can' t detect the sample which contain NaN₃, because NaN₃ inhibits HRP active.

Assay procedure

1. Dilute and add sample:Dilute Original density Standard as follow table:

40pmol/L	5 Standard	150μl Original density Standard+150μl Standard diluent
20pmol/L	4 Standard	150μl 5 Standard+150μl Standard diluent
10pmol/L	3 Standard	150μl 4 Standard+150μl Standard diluent
5pmol/L	2 Standard	150μl 3 Standard +150μl Standard diluent
2.5pmol/L	1 Standard	150μl 2 Standard +150μl Standard diluent

2. Add sample: Set blank wells separately (blank comparison wells don't add sample and HRP-Conjugate reagent, other each step operation is same). testing sample well. add standard 50μl in the Microelisa stripplate accurately,add Sample dilution 40μl to testing sample well, then add testing sample 10μl (sample final dilution is 5-fold), add sample to wells , don't touch the well wall as far as possible, and Gently mix.

3. Incubate: After closing plate with Closure plate membrane ,incubate for 30 min at 37°C.

4. Configurate liquid: 30-fold(or 20-fold) wash solution diluted 30-fold (or 20-fold) with distilled water and reserve.

5. Washing: Uncover Closure plate membrane, discard Liquid, dry by swing, add washing buffer to every well, still for 30s then drain, repeat 5 times, dry by pat.

6. Add enzyme: Add HRP-Conjugate reagent 50μl to each well, except blank well.

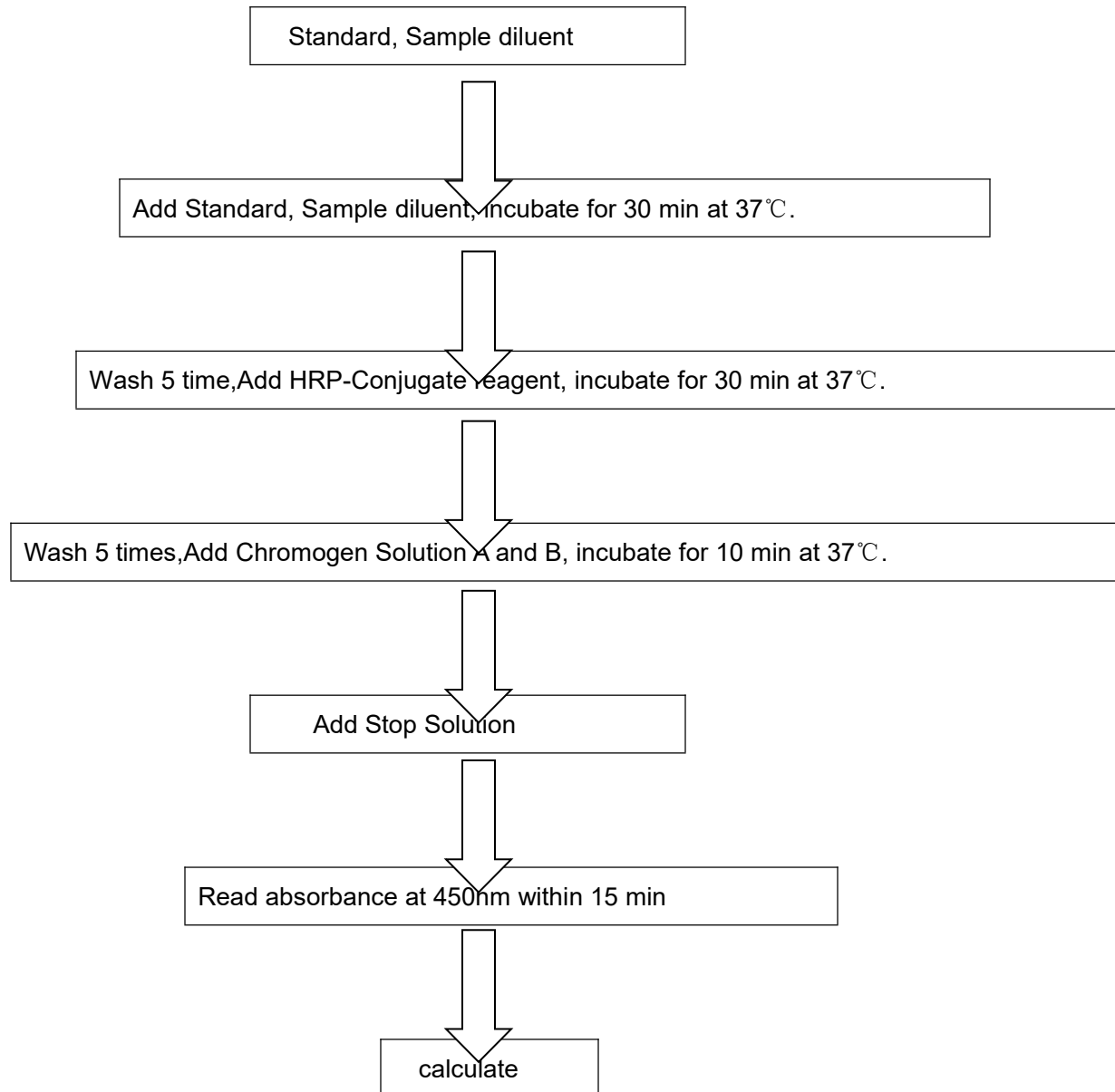
7. Incubate: Operation with 3.

8. Washing: Operation with 5.

9. Color:Add Chromogen Solution A 50ul and Chromogen Solution B 50ul to each well, evade the light preservation for 10 min at 37°C

10.Stop the reaction:Add Stop Solution50μl to each well, Stop the reaction(the blue color change to yellow color).

11. Assay:take blank well as zero , Read absorbance at 450nm after Adding Stop Solution and within 15min.

Steps description**Calculate**

Take the standard density as the horizontal, the OD value for the vertical, draw the standard curve on graph paper, Find out the corresponding density according to the sample OD value by the Sample curve, multiplied by the dilution multiple, or calculate the straight line regression equation of the standard curve with the standard density and the OD value, with the sample OD value in the equation, calculate the sample density, multiplied by the dilution factor, the result is the sample actual density.

NOTES

1. The kit taken out from the refrigeration environment should be balanced 15-30 minutes in the room temperature, ELISA plates coated if not used after opening, the plate should be stored in a sealed bag.
2. Washing buffer will crystallize upon separation, it can be heated with water to help dissolve when diluted. Washing does not affect the result.
3. Add sample with a sampler each step, and proofread its accuracy frequently, to avoid experimental error. Add sample within 5 min, if the number of samples is much, recommend to use a volley.
4. If the testing material content is excessively higher (The sample OD is bigger than the first standard well), please dilute the sample (n-fold), please dilute and multiply by the dilution factor. ($\times n \times 5$).
5. Closure plate membrane only limits the disposable use, to avoid cross-contamination.
6. The substrate evades light preservation.
7. Please follow the use instructions strictly, the test result determination must take the microtiter plate reader as a standard.
8. All samples, washing buffer and each kind of reagent should be handled according to the infective material process.
9. Do not mix reagents with those from other lots.